UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended 9/30/2006

Commission File No. 0-15950

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada	37-1078406					
(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)					
201 W. Main St., Urbana, Illinois (Address of principal executive offices)	61801 (Zip Code)					
Registrant's telephone number, inc	cluding area code: (217) 365-4556					
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports require during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant requirements for the past 90 days.						
Yes □ No □						
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an a Exchange Act). Large accelerated filer Accelera						
Indicate whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 o						
Yes No No	in the Exchange Acty.					
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes	of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.					
Class	Outstanding at November 1, 2006					
Common Stock, \$.001 par value	21,443,766					

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 (Unaudited)

Assets S 52,341 \$ 0,95 Federal funds sold 13,29 2,30 Scurities available for sale (amortized cost 2006, \$313,496;2005, \$319,151) 324,887 331,237 Loans (net of allowance for loan losses 2006 \$23,552;2005 \$23,190) 1,818,166 1,725,972 Permises and aquipment 41,304 37,815 Cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance 15,436 54,186 Goodwill 54,386 54,120 Ober intangible assets 4,055 5,122 Other assets 26,688 27,023 Total assets \$2,419,221 \$2,263,422 Liabilities Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase 57,147 50,113 Liabilities (In		Sept	ember 30, 2006 (Dollars in		ember 31, 2005	
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Treasury stock, at cost (11,729) (10,477) Unearned ESOP shares and deferred compensation for stock grants (2,059) (2,062) Total stockholders' equity \$ 179,677 \$ 169,714 Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 2,419,221 \$ 2,263,422 Common shares outstanding at period end 21,444,766 21,504,082		\$	193 465	\$	182 253	
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Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 2,419,221 \$ 2,263,422 Common shares outstanding at period end 21,444,766 21,504,082	Unearned ESOP shares and deferred compensation for stock grants		\ ' '			
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity \$ 2,419,221 \$ 2,263,422 Common shares outstanding at period end 21,444,766 21,504,082	Total stockholders' equity	\$	179,677	\$	169,714	
	. ,					
	Common shares outstanding at period end		21,444,766		21,504,082	
	See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.					

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)

		2006	2005	
Interest income:	(Dolla	ars in thousands, exc	cept per shar	re amounts)
Interest income:	\$	97,001	\$	75,453
Interest and dividends on investment securities:	φ	97,001	φ	75,455
Taxable interest income		6,551		5,458
Non-taxable interest income		2.458		1.668
Dividends		470		556
Interest on Federal funds sold		188		358
Total interest income	\$	106,668	\$	83,493
Interest expense:	<u>*</u>	,	<u>*</u>	55,.55
Deposits	\$	38,597	\$	23,375
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase	Ψ	2,108	Ψ	805
Short-term borrowings		57		100
Long-term debt		5,707		4,837
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trusts		3,049		2,492
Total interest expense	\$	49,518	\$	31,609
Net interest income	\$	57.150	\$	51,884
Provision for loan losses	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	2,765
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	\$	56,150	\$	49,119
Hot more and provident or loan loaded	<u> </u>	00,100	Ψ	10,110
Other income:				
Trust	\$	4,470	\$	4,277
Commissions and brokers fees, net		1,987		1,679
Service charges on deposit accounts		6,011		5,835
Other service charges and fees		2,187		1,701
Security gains, net		1,880		306
Gain on sales of loans		1,858		1,932
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance		653		591
Other operating income		1,232		1,316
Total other income	\$	20,278	\$	17,637
Other expenses:	_			
Salaries and wages	\$	19,878	\$	16,697
Employee benefits		4,457		3,711
Net occupancy expense of premises		3,814		3,323
Furniture and equipment expenses		2,677		2,278
Data processing		1,344		1,496
Stationery, supplies and printing		1,023		826
Amortization of intangible assets		1,057		724
Other operating expenses	 	9,211		7,509
Total other expenses	\$	43,461	\$	36,564
Income before income taxes	\$	32,967	\$	30,192
Income taxes		11,423		9,821
Net income	\$	21,544	\$	20,371
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.01	\$	0.99
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.00	\$	0.98
• .				

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME For the Quarters Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)

	2006 2005			
	(Dolla	ars in thousands, ex	xcept per sha	re amounts)
Interest income:				
Interest and fees on loans	\$	34,554	\$	27,670
Interest and dividends on investment securities:				
Taxable interest income		2,210		1,831
Non-taxable interest income		830		628
Dividends		157		181
Interest on Federal funds sold		66		135
Total interest income	\$	37,817	\$	30,445
Interest expense:				
Deposits	\$	14,553	\$	8,929
Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreements to repurchase		824		315
Short-term borrowings		36		9
Long-term debt		1,993		1,785
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trusts		1,010	-	933
Total interest expense	\$	18,416	\$	11,971
Net interest income	\$	19,401	\$	18,474
Provision for loan losses		300		650
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	\$	19,101	\$	17,824
			·	
Other income:				
Trust	\$	1,312	\$	1,366
Commissions and brokers fees, net		608		628
Service charges on deposit accounts		2,122		2,067
Other service charges and fees		738		617
Security gains (losses), net		794		(106)
Gain on sales of loans		786		920
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance		219		200
Other operating income		622		426
Total other income	\$	7,201	\$	6,118
Other expenses:				
Salaries and wages	\$	6,609	\$	6,062
Employee benefits		1,509		1,332
Net occupancy expense of premises		1,310		1,255
Furniture and equipment expenses		929		852
Data processing		450		429
Stationery, supplies and printing		348		312
Amortization of intangible assets		353		334
Other operating expenses		3,023		2,587
Total other expenses	\$	14,531	\$	13,163
Income before income taxes	\$	11,771	\$	10,779
Income taxes	•	4,129	Ť	3,220
Net income	\$	7,642	\$	7,559
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.36	\$	0.36
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.36	\$	0.36
• .				
Dividends declared per share of common stock	\$	0.16	\$	0.14

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)

	2006	2005
	(Dollars in	thousands)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 21,544	\$ 20,371
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Stock-based and non-cash compensation	340	8
Depreciation and amortization	4,071	3,263
Provision for loan losses	1,000	2,765
Provision for deferred income taxes	(1,590)	(339)
Stock dividends	<u> </u>	(339)
Amortization of security discounts, net	(824)	(609)
Gain on sales of investment securities, net	(1,880)	(306)
Gain on sales of loans	(1,858)	(1,932)
Net loss (gain) on sale of ORE properties	6	(180)
Gain on sale and disposition of premises and equipment	(21)	(3)
Increase in cash surrender value of bank owned life insurance	(653)	(591)
Increase in deferred compensation	90	105
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in other assets	1,057	(1,991)
(Increase) decrease in other liabilities	(16)	2,488
Increase in interest payable	1,877	1,128
Increase in income taxes receivable	_	(1,195)
Increase in income taxes payable	(94)	
Net cash provided by operating activities before loan originations and sales	\$ 23,049	\$ 22,643
Loans originated for sale	(124,134)	(133,714)
Proceeds from sales of loans	127,088	132,256
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 26,003	\$ 21,185
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sales of securities classified available for sale	8,120	42,166
Proceeds from maturities of securities classified available for sale	79,199	83,312
Purchase of securities classified available for sale	(77,805)	(87,515)
Increase in Federal funds sold	(12,029)	(49,695)
Increase in loans	(158,597)	(115,138)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	16	70
Proceeds from sale of ORE properties	261	4,675
Purchases of premises and equipment	(6,519)	(4,518)
Purchase of subsidiary, net of cash and due from banks acquired	_	(12,364)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>\$(167,354</u>)	\$(139,007)

(continued on next page)

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)

	2006	2005
	(Dollars in	thousands)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Net increase in certificates of deposit	\$107,187	\$ 46,425
Net increase in demand, money market and savings deposits	32,233	78,817
Cash dividends paid	(10,249)	(8,580)
Net increase in Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreement to repurchase	7,034	3,503
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	2,000	4,000
Principal payments on short-term borrowings	(1,000)	(14,250
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	50,325	51,500
Principal payments on long-term debt	(58,500)	(41,373
Proceeds from issuance of junior subordinate debt owed to unconsolidated trusts	30,000	10,000
Redemption of junior subordinate debt owed to unconsolidated trusts	(25,000)	(0.404
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,329)	(2,131
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock	34	1,746
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$132,735	\$ 129,657
Net (decrease) increase in cash and due from banks	\$ (8,616)	\$ 11,835
Cash and due from banks, beginning	\$ 60,957	\$ 47,991
Cash and due nom banks, beginning		
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ 52,341	<u>. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		<u> ,</u>
Cash and due from banks, ending	\$ 52,341 \$ 852	\$ 59,826 \$ 635
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans		<u> ,</u>
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary:	\$ 852	\$ 635
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans		\$ 635 \$ 19,103
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued	<u>\$ 852</u> \$ —	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price	\$ 852	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired:	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks	<u>\$ 852</u> \$ —	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses)	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007 114,744 8,787
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment Goodwill	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007 114,744 8,787 22,182
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment Goodwill Other intangible assets	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007 114,744 8,787 22,182 2,371
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment Goodwill Other intangible assets Other assets	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007 114,744 8,787 22,182 2,371
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment Goodwill Other intangible assets Other assets Liabilities assumed:	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007 114,744 8,787 22,182 2,371 1,710
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment Goodwill Other intangible assets Other assets Liabilities assumed: Deposits	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007 114,744 8,787 22,182 2,371 1,710 (139,430
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment Goodwill Other intangible assets Other assets Liabilities assumed: Deposits Short-term borrowings	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881 \$ 6,739 3,746 21,007 114,744 8,787 22,182 2,371 1,710 (139,430 (2,964
Cash and due from banks, ending SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Other real estate acquired in settlement of loans Purchase of subsidiary: Cash payment Common stock issued Total purchase price Assets acquired: Cash and due from other banks Federal funds sold Securities available for sale Loans (net allowance for loan losses) Premises and equipment Goodwill Other intangible assets Other assets Liabilities assumed: Deposits	\$ 852 \$ \$	\$ 635 \$ 19,103 16,778 \$ 35,881

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)

	2006 (Dollars in t	2005 housands)
Net income	\$ 21,544	\$ 20,371
Other comprehensive loss, before tax:		
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities:		
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during period	\$ 1,185	\$ (3,407)
Less reclassification adjustment for gains included in net Income	(1,880)	(306)
Other comprehensive loss, before tax	\$ (695)	\$ (3,101)
Income tax benefit related to items of other comprehensive loss	(276)	(1,227)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	<u>\$ (419)</u>	<u>\$ (1,874</u>)
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 21,126</u>	\$ 18,497

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements of First Busey Corporation (the "Corporation"), a Nevada corporation, have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and do not include certain information and footnote disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for complete annual financial statements. Accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of First Busey Corporation and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

Note 2: Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 156, "Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets" ("SFAS No. 156"), which requires all separately recognized servicing assets and liabilities to be initially measured at fair value, if practical. An entity can elect either to (1) subsequently measure servicing rights at fair value and report changes in fair value in earnings, or (2) continue the current practice of amortizing servicing rights in proportion to and over the expected period of servicing income or loss. This statement is effective for the Corporation's fiscal year beginning January 1, 2007. The Corporation is evaluating the impact of the statement on its financial position and results of operations.

In February 2006, the FASB issued Statement No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments – an amendment to FASB Statements No. 133 and 140." ("SFAS No. 155"), which permits, but does not require, fair value accounting for any

hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that would otherwise require bifurcation in accordance with Statement No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS No. 133"). The statement also subjects beneficial interests in securitized financial assets to the requirements of SFAS No. 133. This statement is effective for all financial instruments acquired, issued, or subject to remeasurement after the beginning of the Corporation's fiscal year beginning January 1, 2007. The Corporation is evaluating the impact of the statement on its financial position and results of operations.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting and reporting for income taxes recognized in accordance with SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." This Interpretation prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns. This interpretation is effective for the Corporation's fiscal year beginning January 1, 2007. The Corporation does not expect the Interpretation will have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Note 3: Unrealized Losses on Investment Securities

Information pertaining to securities with gross unrealized losses as of September 30, 2006, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in continuous loss position follows:

	Continuous unrealized losses existing for less than 12 months		losses existing for greater than 12 months			To	tal		
	Fair	Unr	ealized	Fair	Unr	ealized	Fair	Un	realized
	Value	Lo	osses	Value	Lo	osses	Value	L	osses
				(Dollars in	thousand	s)			
September 30, 2006:									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$ 87,785	\$	235	\$ 62,272	\$	454	\$150,057	\$	689
Obligations of states and political	Ψ 0.,.σσ	Ť		V 02,2:2	•		ψ.00,00.	Ť	000
subdivisions	11,992		41	21,802		258	33,794		299
Mortgage-backed securities	6,071		56	3,164		85	9,235		141
Corporate securities	689		2	1,559		39	2,248		41
Subtotal, debt securities	\$106,537	\$	334	\$ 88,797	\$	836	\$195,334	\$	1,170
Mutual funds and other equity Securities			_	57		7	57		7
Total temporarily impaired Securities	\$106,537	\$	334	\$ 88,854	\$	843	\$195,391	\$	1,177

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the intent and ability of the Corporation to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

Note 4: Loans

The major classifications of loans as of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 were as follows:

	Sept	ember 30, 2006	Dece	ember 31, 2005
		(Dollars in	n thousands	3)
Commercial	\$	224,879	\$	219,134
Real estate construction		442,322		345,454
Real estate — farmland		11,690		10,188
Real estate — 1-4 family residential mortgage		541,762		528,922
Real estate — multifamily mortgage		108,795		104,502
Real estate — non-farm nonresidential mortgage		514,653		470,779
Installment		38,888		45,702
Agricultural		21,014		23,433
	\$	1,904,003	\$	1,748,114
Plus net deferred loan costs		1,225		1,048
		1,905,228		1,749,162
Less:				
Allowance for loan losses		23,552		23,190
Net loans	\$	1,881,676	\$	1,725,972

The real estate – 1-4 family residential mortgage category includes loans held for sale with carrying values of \$10,641,000 at September 30, 2006 and \$11,737,000 at December 31, 2005; these loans had fair market values of \$10,764,000 and \$11,877,000, respectively.

Changes in the allowance for loan losses were as follows:

		Nine Months Ended September 30			
		2006	2005		
	<u></u>	(Dollars in	;)		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	23,190	\$	19,217	
Addition due to acquisition		_		1,208	
Provision for loan losses		1,000		2,765	
Recoveries applicable to loan balances previously charged off		125		182	
Loan balances charged off		(763)		(752)	
Balance, September 30	\$	23,552	\$	22,620	

Note 5: Earnings Per Share

Net income per common share has been computed as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	200			005		2006	nterriber 50,	2005	
		(Dollars a	and shar	es in thousa	ands, ex	cept per shar	e amounts)		
Net income	\$ 7,	642	\$	7,559	\$	21,544	\$	20,371	
Shares:									
Weighted average common shares outstanding	21,	322	2	21,031		21,346		20,631	
Dilutive effect of outstanding options as determined by the application of the treasury stock method		119		99_	_	99		114_	
Weighted average common shares outstanding, as adjusted for diluted earnings per share calculation	21,	441	2	21,130	_	21,445		20,745	
Basic earnings per share	\$ (0.36	\$	0.36	\$	1.01	\$	0.99	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.36	\$	0.36	\$	1.00	\$	0.98	

Note 6: Stock-based Compensation

First Busey Corporation has two stock-based employee compensation plans, which are described more fully in Note 16 of the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Prior to January 1, 2006, the Corporation accounted for those plans under the recognition and measurement provision of APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related Interpretations, as permitted by FASB Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. No stock-based employee compensation cost was recognized under the Corporation's Stock Option Plan in the Corporation's Consolidated Statements of Income prior to January 1, 2006, as all options granted under this plan had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant.

Effective January 1, 2006, the Corporation adopted the fair value recognition provision of FASB Statement No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment, using the modified-prospective-transition method. Under that transition method, compensation cost recognized in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, includes: (a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of Statement 123, and (b) compensation costs for all share-based payments granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of Statement 123(R). Results for prior periods have not been restated.

Prior to the adoption of Statement 123(R), the Corporation presented all tax benefits of deductions resulting from the exercise of stock options as operating cash flows in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Statement 123(R) requires cash flows resulting from the tax benefits of tax deductions in excess of the compensation cost recognized for those options to be presented as financing cash flows. The Corporation had no material excess cash inflows during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Corporation had applied the fair value recognition provisions of Statement 123 to options granted under the Corporation's stock option plan in all periods presented. For purposes of this pro forma disclosure, the value of the options is estimated using a Black-Scholes option-pricing formula and amortized to expense over the shorter of the optionees' service period or the options' vesting periods.

		onths Ended	Nine Months			
		mber 30,	Ended September 30,			
	2006	2005	2006	2005		
Not become an accorded		dollars in thousands, ex				
Net income as reported	\$ 7,642	\$ 7,559	\$ 21,544	\$ 20,371		
Add: Stock-based compensation expense included in reported net income, net of related tax effects	82	_	191	_		
Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense for all awards, net of related tax effects	(82)	(96)	(191)	(216)		
Pro-forma net income	\$ 7,642	\$ 7,463	\$ 21,544	\$ 20,155		
Earnings per share:						
Basic, as reported	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.36	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.99		
Less compensation expense	_	0.01	_	0.01		
Basic, pro forma	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.35	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.98		
Diluted, as reported	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.36	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.98		
Less compensation expense		0.01		0.01		
Diluted, pro forma	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.35	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.97		

On April 25 and May 16, 2006, the Corporation granted options to non-employee directors and certain employees, respectively. The Corporation utilizes the weighted average assumptions in the following table to estimate the fair value of stock options at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. These assumptions are consistent with the provisions of Statement 123(R) and the Corporation's prior period pro forma disclosures of net income and earnings per share, including stock option expense. Management reviews and adjusts the assumptions used to calculate the fair value of an option on a periodic basis to better reflect expected trends. The fair value of stock options will be expensed ratably over the service period or vesting period, whichever is shorter. Generally, option grants to non-employee directors are subject to a service period requirement that is shorter than the associated vesting schedule.

	Directors	Employees
Number of options granted	62,000	188,000
Exercise Price	\$ 20.71	\$ 20.16
Estimated forfeiture rate	-	8.00%
Risk-free interest rate	4.98%	4.99%
Expected life, in years	4.2	4.2
Expected volatility	11.3%	11.3%
Expected dividend yield	3.09%	3.17%
Estimated fair value per option	\$ 2.37	\$ 2.27
		12 of 42

A summary of the status of the Corporation's stock option plan for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, and the changes during the period ended on that date is as follows:

		V۱	/eighted
		Α	verage
	Shares	Exe	rcise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	625,925	\$	17.67
Granted	250,000		20.30
Exercised	(5,325)		14.56
Forfeited	<u>(10,350</u>)		20.14
Outstanding at September 30, 2006	860,250	\$	18.42
Exercisable at September 30, 2006	331,200	\$	16.05

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at September 30, 2006:

						Options
			Exercisable			
			Weighted-			
			Average			
			Remaining			
Exercis	se		Contractual	Exercise	Expiration	
Prices	6	Number	Life	Date	Date	Number
\$	14.56	220,200	4.21 years	Apr. 16, 2005	Dec. 16, 2010	220,200
	18.07	54,000	2.21 years	Jan. 21, 2005	Dec. 15, 2008	54,000
	19.59	290,050	2.96 years	Sept. 14, 2007	Sept. 14, 2009	_
	19.83	54,000	3.21 years	Jan. 21, 2006	Dec. 15, 2009	54,000
	20.16	182,000	5.21 years	Jan. 26, 2009	Dec. 15, 2011	_
	20.71	60,000	5.21 years	Jan. 26, 2009	Dec. 15, 2011	3,000
		860,250	3.88 years			331,200

Of the 860,250 options the Corporation has outstanding, 290,050 and 239,000 become exercisable on September 14, 2007 and January 26, 2009, respectively. The Corporation will recognize compensation expense of approximately \$247,000 and \$170,000 in 2006 and 2007, before income tax effects, respectively, related to the options becoming exercisable in 2007. Compensation expense recognition of approximately \$196,000, \$190,000, \$147,000 and \$6,000 will occur in 2006 through 2009, before income tax effect, respectively, related to the options becoming exercisable in 2009.

Note 7: Junior Subordinated Debt Owed to Unconsolidated Trusts

First Busey Corporation has established statutory trusts for the sole purpose of issuing trust preferred securities and related trust common securities. The proceeds from such issuances were used by the trusts to purchase junior subordinated notes of the Corporation, which are the sole assets of each trust. Concurrent with the issuance of the trust preferred securities, the Corporation issued guarantees for the benefit of the holders of the trust preferred securities. The trust preferred securities are issues that qualify, and are treated by the Corporation, as Tier I regulatory capital. The Corporation owns all of the common securities of each trust. The trust preferred securities issued by each trust rank equally with the common securities in right of payment, except that if an event of default under the indenture governing the notes has occurred and is continuing, the preferred securities will rank senior to the common securities in right of payment.

The table below summarizes the outstanding junior subordinated notes and the related trust preferred securities issued by each trust as of September 30, 2006:

First Busey Statutory Trust II	First Busey Statutory Trust III	First Busey Statutory Trust IV
\$ 15,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 30,000,000
3-mo LIBOR + 2.65%	3-mo LIBOR + 1.75%	6.94%
June 17, 2034	June 15, 2035	June 15, 2036
June 17, 2009	June 15, 2010	June 15, 2011
\$ 15,000,000	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 30,000,000
3-mo LIBOR + 2.65%	3-mo LIBOR + 1.75%	6.94%
April 30, 2004	June 15, 2005	June 15, 2006
Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly
	\$ 15,000,000 3-mo LIBOR + 2.65% June 17, 2034 June 17, 2009 \$ 15,000,000 3-mo LIBOR + 2.65% April 30, 2004	\$ 15,000,000 \$ 10,000,000 3-mo LIBOR + 2.65% 3-mo LIBOR + 1.75% June 17, 2034 June 15, 2035 June 17, 2009 June 15, 2010 \$ 15,000,000 \$ 10,000,000 3-mo LIBOR + 2.65% 3-mo LIBOR + 1.75% April 30, 2004 June 15, 2005

- (1) First Busey Statutory Trust IV maintains a 5-year fixed coupon of 6.94%, subsequently converting to a floating 3-month LIBOR +1.55%.
- (2) All cash distributions are cumulative

The trust preferred securities are subject to mandatory redemption, in whole or in part, upon repayment of the junior subordinated notes at par value at the stated maturity date or upon redemption of the junior subordinated notes on a date no earlier than June 17, 2009, for First Busey Statutory Trust II, June 15, 2010, for First Busey Statutory Trust III, and June 15, 2011, for First Busey Statutory Trust IV. Prior to these respective redemption dates, the junior subordinated notes may also be redeemed by the Corporation (in which case the trust preferred securities would also be redeemed) after the occurrence of certain events that would have a negative tax effect on the Corporation or the trusts, would cause the trust preferred securities to no longer qualify for Tier 1 capital, or would result in a trust being treated as an investment company. Each trust's ability to pay amounts due on the trust preferred securities is solely dependent upon the Corporation making payment on the related junior subordinated notes. The Corporation's obligations under the junior subordinated notes and other relevant trust agreements, in aggregate, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by the Corporation of each trust's obligations under the trust preferred securities issued by each trust. The Corporation has the right to defer payment of interest on the notes and, therefore, distributions on the trust preferred securities, for up to five years, but not beyond the stated maturity date in the table above.

On April 25, 2006, the Corporation's board of directors approved redemption of the trust preferred securities issued by First Busey Capital Trust I. These securities were redeemed at par value on June 19, 2006, plus accrued but unpaid distributions. The Corporation received regulatory approval and established a new series of preferred securities in an aggregate principal amount of \$30,000,000 as part of a pooled trust preferred program, First Busey Statutory Trust IV. The proceeds of the new issue were used to redeem the securities of First Busey Capital Trust I and to repay certain outstanding indebtedness of the Corporation.

In March, 2005, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System issued a final rule allowing bank holding companies to continue to include qualifying trust preferred securities in their Tier I Capital for regulatory capital purposes, subject to a 25% limitation to all core (Tier I) capital elements, net of goodwill less any associated deferred tax liability. The final rule provides a five-year transition period, ending March 31, 2009, for applications of the aforementioned quantitative limitation. As of September 30, 2006, 100% of the trust preferred securities noted in the table above qualified as Tier I capital under the final rule adopted in March, 2005.

Note 8: Outstanding Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Corporation and its subsidiaries are parties to legal actions which arise in the normal course of their business activities. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position or the results of operations of the Corporation and its subsidiaries.

The Corporation and its subsidiaries are parties to credit related financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Corporation and its subsidiaries' exposure to credit loss are represented by the contractual amount of those commitments. The Corporation and its subsidiaries use the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments. A summary of the contractual amount of the Corporation's exposure to off-balance-sheet risk follows:

	Septe	mber 30, 2006	Dece	mber 31, 2005
		(Dollars in thousands) 526,018 \$ 559,		
Financial instruments whose contract amounts represent credit risk:				
Commitments to extend credit	\$	526,018	\$	559,847
Standby letters of credit		16,341		12,567

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as no condition established in the contract has been violated. These commitments are generally at variable interest rates and generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. The commitments for equity lines of credit may expire without being drawn upon. Therefore, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The amount of collateral obtained, if it is deemed necessary by the Corporation upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Corporation to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. Those guarantees are primarily issued to support public and private borrowing arrangements, including bond financing and similar transactions and primarily have terms of one year or less. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The Corporation holds collateral, which may include accounts receivable, inventory, property and equipment, income producing properties, supporting those commitments if deemed necessary. In the event the customer does not perform in accordance with the terms of the agreement with the third party, the corporation would be required to fund the commitment. The maximum potential amount of future payments the Corporation could be required to make is represented by the contractual amount shown in the summary above. If the commitment is funded, the Corporation would be entitled to seek recovery from the customer. As of September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, no amounts were recorded as liabilities for the Corporation's potential obligations under these quarantees.

As of September 30, 2006, the Corporation has no futures, forwards, swaps or option contracts, or other financial instruments with similar characteristics with the exception of rate lock commitments on mortgage loans to be held for sale.

Note 9: Business Combinations

Main Street Trust, Inc.

On September 20, 2006, the Corporation signed a definitive agreement with Main Street Trust, Inc., (Main Street) in a merger of equals stock transaction in which Main Street will merge with and into the Corporation, with the Corporation the surviving entity. Main Street shareholders will receive shares of the Corporation common stock in a fixed exchange ratio of 1.55 shares of the Corporation for each share of Main Street. The combined company will maintain the "First Busey Corporation" name and NASDAQ Global Select market symbol of "BUSE".

The merger is subject to the approval by Main Street's and the Corporation's stockholders, by banking regulators and to other customary conditions.

Tarpon Coast Bancorp, Inc.

On July 29, 2005, First Busey Corporation acquired all the outstanding common stock of Tarpon Coast Bancorp, Inc. (Tarpon) and its subsidiary, Tarpon Coast National Bank, a \$153 million bank headquartered in Port Charlotte, Florida. First Busey Corporation issued 849,965 shares of common stock and paid cash of \$18,797,000 to Tarpon shareholders, which was funded

through the issuance of long-term debt and \$10 million in additional trust preferred securities. Of the 849,965 shares of common stock issued in the Tarpon acquisition, stock certificates representing 387 shares have not been issued to shareholders by First Busey pending the receipt of the appropriate instructions from Tarpon shareholders. The value of these shares has been included in "Common stock to be issued" on First Busey's consolidated balance sheet. These shares are also included in the Corporation's earnings-per-share calculations. The transaction has been accounted for as a purchase and the results of operations since the acquisition date have been included in the consolidated financial statements. The purchase price of \$35,909,000 was allocated based upon the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The excess of the total acquisition cost over the fair value of the net tangible assets acquired has been allocated to core deposit intangible and goodwill. The core deposit intangible of \$2,371,000 is being amortized over periods ranging from three to five years.

Unaudited operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, and pro forma unaudited operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, giving effect to the Tarpon Coast acquisition as if it had occurred as of January 1, 2005, are as follows:

			nths ended nber 30,		Nine months ended September 30,			
		2006		2005		2006		2005
	(doll	ars in thousands,	except per	share data)	(doll	ars in thousands, e	xcept per	share data)
Interest income	\$	37,817	\$	31,131	\$	106,668	\$	88,143
Interest expense		18,416		12,151		49,518		33,017
Provision for loan losses		300		650		1,000		2,825
Noninterest income		7,201		6,186		20,278		18,306
Noninterest expense		14,531		14,880		43,461		41,143
Income before income taxes	\$	11,771	\$	9,636	\$	32,967	\$	29,464
Income taxes		4,129		2,967		11,423		9,715
Net income	\$	7,642	\$	6,669	\$	21,544	\$	19,749
Earnings per share – basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.31	\$	1.01	\$	0.93
Earnings per share – diluted	\$	0.36	\$	0.31	\$	1.00	\$	0.92

Note 10: Reportable Segments and Related Information

The Corporation has three reportable segments, Busey Bank, Busey Bank N.A., and Busey Investment Group. Busey Bank provides a full range of banking services to individual and corporate customers through its branch network in Champaign, McLean, Peoria, Tazewell, and Ford Counties in Illinois, through its branch in Indianapolis, Indiana, and through its loan production office in Fort Myers, Florida. Busey Bank N.A. provides a full range of banking services to individual and corporate customers in Lee, Charlotte, and Sarasota Counties in Southwest Florida.

First Capital Bank, acquired by First Busey Corporation on June 1, 2004, merged into Busey Bank on May 20, 2005. Prior to this merger, First Capital Bank was a separate reportable segment providing a full range of banking services to individual and corporate customers in Peoria and Pekin, Illinois. Following the merger, the assets and operating results of the Peoria and Pekin markets are included in Busey Bank.

Tarpon Coast National Bank, acquired by the Corporation on July 29, 2005, merged into Busey Bank N.A. on February 18, 2006. Prior to this merger, Tarpon Coast National Bank was a separate reportable segment providing a full range of banking services to individual and corporate customers in Charlotte and Sarasota Counties in Southwest Florida. Following the merger, the assets and operating results of the Charlotte and Sarasota markets are included in Busey Bank N.A.

The Corporation's three reportable segments are strategic business units that are separately managed as they offer different products and services and have different marketing strategies.

The segment financial information provided below has been derived from the internal profitability reporting system used by management to monitor and manage the financial performance of the Corporation. The accounting policies of the three segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in the annual report. The Corporation accounts for inter-segment revenue and transfers at current market value.

Following is a summary of selected financial information for the Corporation's business segments for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006, and September 30, 2005:

		Nine Months End	ed Septer	
	_	2006		2005
Interest Income:		(Dollars in	housand	s)
Busey Bank	\$	86,728	\$	70,304
Busey Bank N.A.	Ψ	19,810	Φ	13,023
		19,610		13,023
Busey Investment Group, Inc. All Other				
	-	(60)		35
Total Interest Income	<u>\$</u>	106,668	\$	83,493
Interest Expense:				
Busey Bank	\$	36,935	\$	24,031
Busey Bank N.A.		7,921		4,153
Busey Investment Group, Inc.		_		_
All Other		4,662		3,425
Total Interest Expense	\$	49,518	\$	31,609
Other Income:				
Busey Bank	\$	13,917	\$	11,666
Busey Bank N.A.	Ψ	1,841	Ψ	736
Busey Investment Group, Inc.		5,774		5,617
All Other		(1,254)		(382)
	<u></u>		\$	
Total Other Income	<u>\$</u>	20,278	<u>\$</u>	17,637
Net Income:				
Busey Bank	\$	21,773	\$	18,821
Busey Bank N.A.		2,858		2,490
Busey Investment Group, Inc.		1,662		1,603
All Other		(4,749)		(2,543)
Total Net Income	\$	21,544	\$	20,371
Goodwill:				
Busey Bank	\$	30,237	\$	30,237
Busey Bank N.A.		22,601		21,191
Busey Investment Group, Inc.		_		_
All Other		1,548		1,548
Total Goodwill	\$	54,386	\$	52,976
Total Assets:				
Busey Bank	\$	1,957,575	\$	1,845,048
Busey Bank N.A.	*	443,529	, i	418,537
Busey Investment Group, Inc.		7,301		6,713
All Other		10,816		(42,726)
Total Assets	¢	<u> </u>	<u>¢</u>	
Tulai Assets	<u>\$</u>	2,419,221	\$	2,227,572
				17 of 42

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation includes forward looking statements that are intended to be covered by the safe-harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward looking statements include but are not limited to comments with respect to the objectives and strategies, financial condition, results of operations and business of First Busey Corporation. These forward looking statements involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and the risk that predictions and other forward looking statements will not be achieved. The Corporation cautions you not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements as a number of important factors could cause actual future results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include the general state of the economy, both on a local and national level, the ability of the Corporation to successfully complete acquisitions, the continued growth of geographic regions served by the Corporation, and the retention of key individuals in the Corporation's management structure.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition of First Busey Corporation and Subsidiaries ("Corporation") at September 30, 2006 (unaudited), as compared with December 31, 2005, and the results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited), and the results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 (unaudited). Management's discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this quarterly report, as well as the Company's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the balances, with no effect on net income, as of and for the three and nine months ending September 30, 2005, to be consistent with the classifications adopted as of and for the three and nine months ending September 30, 2006.

On September 20, 2006, the Corporation signed a definitive agreement with Main Street Trust, Inc., (Main Street) in a merger of equals stock transaction in which Main Street will merge with and into the Corporation, with the Corporation the surviving entity. Main Street shareholders will receive shares of the Corporation common stock in a fixed exchange ratio of 1.55 shares of the Corporation for each share of Main Street. The combined company will maintain the "First Busey Corporation" name and NASDAQ Global Select market symbol of "BUSE".

The merger is subject to the approval by Main Street's and the Corporation's stockholders, by banking regulators and to other customary conditions.

The foregoing description of the merger does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated September 29, 2006, which was filed as Exhibit 2.1 on a Current Report on Form 8-K on September 21, 2006.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Critical accounting estimates are those that are critical to the portrayal and understanding of the Corporation's financial condition and results of operations and require management to make assumptions that are difficult, subjective or complex. These estimates involve judgments, estimates and uncertainties that are susceptible to change. In the event that different assumptions or conditions were to prevail, and depending on the severity of such changes, the possibility of materially different financial condition or results of operations is a reasonable likelihood.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The Corporation has established an allowance for loan losses which represents the Corporation's estimate of the probable losses that have occurred as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. Management has established an allowance for loan losses which reduces the total loans outstanding by an estimate of uncollectible loans. Loans deemed uncollectible are charged against and reduce the allowance. Periodically, a provision for loan losses is charged to current expense. This provision acts to replenish the allowance for loan losses and to maintain the allowance at a level that management deems adequate.

There is no precise method of predicting specific loan losses or amounts which ultimately may be charged off on segments of the loan portfolio. The determination that a loan may become uncollectible, in whole or in part, is a matter of judgment. Similarly, the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses can be determined only on a judgmental basis, after full review, including (a) consideration of economic conditions and their effect on particular industries and specific borrowers; (b) a review of borrowers' financial data, together with industry data, the competitive situation, the borrowers' management capabilities and other factors; (c) a continuing evaluation of the loan portfolio, including monitoring by lending officers and staff credit personnel of all loans which are identified as being of less than acceptable quality; (d) an in-depth evaluation, on a monthly basis, of all impaired loans (loans are considered to be impaired when based on current information and events, it is probable the Corporation will not be able to collect all amounts due); and (e) an evaluation of the underlying collateral for secured lending, including the use of independent appraisals of real estate properties securing loans.

Periodic provisions for loan losses are determined by management based upon the size and the quality of the loan portfolio measured against prevailing economic conditions and historical loan loss experience and also based on specific exposures in the portfolio. Management has instituted a formal loan review system supported by an effective credit analysis and control process. The Corporation will maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level sufficient to absorb estimated uncollectible loans and, therefore, expects to make periodic additions to the allowance for loan losses.

Revenue Recognition

Income on interest-earning assets is accrued based on the effective yield of the underlying financial instruments. A loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Corporation will not be able to collect all amounts due. The accrual of interest income on impaired loans is discontinued when there is reasonable doubt as to the borrower's ability to meet contractual payments of interest or principal.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AS COMPARED TO DECEMBER 31, 2005

Total assets increased \$155,799,000 or 6.9% at September 30, 2006 from \$2,263,422,000 at December 31, 2005. Securities available for sale decreased \$6,350,000, or 1.9%, to \$324,887,000 at September 30, 2006 from \$331,237,000 at December 31, 2005. Loans increased \$156,066,000, or 8.9%, to \$1,905,228,000 at September 30, 2006, from \$1,749,162,000 at December 31, 2005 primarily due to growth in real estate construction and non-farm nonresidential

Total deposits increased \$139,420,000, or 7.7%, to \$1,948,819,000 at September 30, 2006, from \$1,809,399,000 at December 31, 2005. Noninterest-bearing deposits decreased \$29,754,000 or 11.2% to \$235,416,000 at September 30, 2006, from \$265,170,000 at December 31, 2005. Interest-bearing deposits increased \$169,174,000 or 11.0% to \$1,713,403,000 at September 30, 2006, from \$1,544,229,000 at December 31, 2005.

During the first nine months of 2006, the Corporation repurchased 65,000 shares of its common stock at an aggregate cost of \$1,329,000. On February 17, 2004, the Corporation's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase plan for the repurchase of up to 750,000 shares of common stock. Of the shares repurchased during the first nine months of 2006, all were repurchased under the 2004 Stock Repurchase Plan. The Corporation is purchasing shares for treasury as they become available in order to meet future issuance requirements of previously granted non-qualified stock options. As of September 30, 2006, there were 331,200 options currently exercisable, and an additional 529,050 stock options outstanding but not currently exercisable.

ASSET QUALITY

The following table sets forth the components of non-performing assets and past due loans.

	Septe	ember 30, 2006		mber 31, 2005
Non-accrual loans	\$	(Dollars in 4,144	\$	4,483
Loans 90 days past due, still accruing	•	2,176	•	1,420
Restructured loans		_		_
Total non-performing loans	\$	6,320	\$	5,903
Other real estate owned		820		236
Other assets acquired in satisfaction of debts previously contracted		4		1
Total non-performing other assets	\$	823	\$	237
Total non-performing loans and non-performing other assets	\$	7,144	\$	6,140
Non-performing loans to loans, before allowance for loan losses		0.33%		0.34%
Non-performing loans and non-performing other assets to loans, before allowance for loan losses		0.37%		0.35%
			_	
				20 of 42

Total non-performing loans and non-performing other assets increased \$1,004,000 or 16.3% to \$7,144,000 as of September 30, 2006 from \$6,140,000 due to an increase in loans 90 days past due, still accruing and other real estate owned, which was partially offset by a decrease in non-accrual loans. Non-performing loans as a percentage of loans improved to 0.33% as of September 30, 2006 as compared to 0.34% as of December 31, 2005. The balance in nonaccrual loans decreased \$339,000 to \$4,144,000 or 0.22% of total loans as of September 30, 2006, compared to \$4,483,000 or 0.26% of total loans as of December 31, 2005. The balance of loans 90 days past due, still accruing increased \$756,000 to \$2,176,000 or 0.11% of total outstanding loans as of September 30, 2006, compared to \$1,420,000 or 0.08% of outstanding loans as of December 31, 2005.

POTENTIAL PROBLEM LOANS

Potential problem loans are those loans which are not categorized as impaired, non-accrual, past due or restructured, but where current information indicates that the borrower may not be able to comply with present loan repayment terms. Management assesses the potential for loss on such loans as it would with other problem loans and has considered the effect of any potential loss in determining its provision for loan losses. Potential problem loans totaled \$11,209,000 September 30, 2006, as compared to \$11,691,000 as of December 31, 2005.

There are no other loans identified which management believes represent or result from trends or uncertainties which management reasonably expects will materially impact future operating results, liquidity or capital resources. There are no other credits identified about which management is aware of any information which causes management to have serious doubts as to the ability of such borrower(s) to comply with the loan repayment terms.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006, AS COMPARED TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

SUMMARY

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was \$21,544,000 which represents an increase of \$1,173,000 or 5.8% as compared to net income of \$20,371,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Year-to-date diluted earnings per share increased 2.0% to \$1.00 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006.

The Corporation's return on average assets was 1.25% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, a decline of 8 basis points from 1.33% for the comparable period in 2005. The Corporation's return on average stockholders' equity was 16.68% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, representing a decline of 212 basis points compared to 18.80% for the same period in 2005.

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries AVERAGE BALANCE SHEETS AND INTEREST RATES NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005

\$ 505 5,178 196,015	Income/ Expense \$ 18 188	Yield/ Rate (Dollars in the 4.77%	Average Balance nousands) \$ 1,592	Income/ Expense	Yield/ Rate
\$ 505 5,178	\$ 18 188	(Dollars in th	nousands)	•	Rate
5,178	188	4.77%	,		
5,178	188		\$ 1,592	A	
5,178	188		J 1,592	a 2E	2.94%
,		4.00%	19,886	\$ 35 358	2.94%
196,015			19,000	336	2.41%
196,015		0.000/	044.774	4.540	0.070/
	5,740	3.92%	211,771	4,548	2.87%
04.005	0.700	0.000/	F7 F7F	0.500	F 000/
					5.96%
44,832	1,201	3.76%	48,744	1,431	3.93%
1 700 127	07.254	7 220/	1 567 202	75 695	6.46%
\$2,129,932	<u>\$108,243</u>	6.79%	\$1,906,871	\$ 84,623	5.93%
53.164			48 674		
,			- / -		
103,773			05,475		
\$2,303,594			\$2,049,798		
\$ 71.552	\$ 1.188	2.22%	\$ 39.643	\$ 253	0.85%
. ,	, ,		,	604	0.70%
			,	6.324	1.45%
					3.19%
,	.,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,	
20.721	823	5.31%	9.973	181	2.43%
				624	1.91%
				100	2.44%
			,		4.02%
110,010	-,		,	.,	
52,000	3.049	7.84%	44.000	2 492	7.57%
,					2.52%
φ1,00 9 ,014	9 49,510	3.54 /0	\$1,000,191	<u>\$ 31,009</u>	2.32/0
		3.25%			3.41%
045.000			040.000		
- ,			,		
,			,		
172,689			144,856		
\$2,303,594			\$2,049,798		
\$2 129 932	\$108 243	6 79%	\$1 906 871	\$ 84 623	5.93%
. , ,	. ,	3.10%	. , ,	. ,	2.21%
,		3,0	+ 1,000,01		170
	\$ 58,725	3.69%		\$ 53,014	3.72%
	84,265 44,832 1,799,137 \$2,129,932 53,164 40,148 (23,425) 103,775 \$2,303,594 \$71,552 112,218 642,027 760,264 20,721 48,683 1,463 160,886 52,000 \$1,869,814 245,000 16,091 172,689 \$2,303,594 \$2,129,932 \$2,129,932	44,832 1,261 1,799,137 97,254 \$2,129,932 \$108,243 53,164 40,148 (23,425) 103,775 \$2,303,594 \$1,188 \$12,218 766 642,027 13,241 760,264 23,402 20,721 823 48,683 1,285 1,463 57 160,886 5,707 52,000 3,049 \$1,869,814 \$49,518 245,000 16,091 172,689 \$2,303,594 \$2,129,932 \$108,243 \$2,129,932 \$49,518	44,832 1,261 3.76% 1,799,137 97,254 7.23% \$2,129,932 \$108,243 6.79% 53,164 40,148 (23,425) 103,775 \$2,303,594 \$71,552 \$1,188 2.22% \$112,218 766 0.91% 642,027 13,241 2.76% 760,264 23,402 4.12% 20,721 823 5.31% 48,683 1,285 3.53% 1,463 57 5.21% 160,886 5,707 4.74% \$2,000 3,049 7.84% \$1,869,814 \$49,518 3.54% 245,000 16,091 172,689 \$2,129,932 \$108,243 6.79% \$2,129,932 \$49,518 3.10%	44,832 1,261 3.76% 48,744 1,799,137 97,254 7.23% 1,567,303 \$2,129,932 \$108,243 6.79% \$1,906,871 53,164 48,674 40,148 29,268 (23,425) (20,494) 103,775 85,479 \$2,303,594 \$2,049,798 \$71,552 \$1,188 2.22% \$39,643 \$112,218 766 0.91% \$15,680 642,027 \$13,241 2.76% 582,597 760,264 23,402 4.12% 678,030 20,721 823 5.31% 9,973 48,683 \$1,285 3.53% 43,781 \$1,463 57 5.21% 5,487 \$160,886 5,707 4.74% \$161,000 \$2,000 3,049 7.84% 44,000 \$1,869,814 \$49,518 3.54% \$1,680,191 \$245,000 212,268 \$2,303,594 \$2,049,798 \$2,129,932 \$108,243 6.79% \$1,906,871 \$2,129,932 \$49,518 3.10%	44,832 1,261 3.76% 48,744 1,431 1,799,137 97,254 7.23% 1,567,303 75,685 \$2,129,932 \$108,243 6.79% \$1,906,871 \$84,623 53,164 48,674 40,148 29,268 (20,494) 40,148 29,268 (20,494) (20,494) 103,775 85,479 \$2,303,594 \$2,049,798 \$2,049,798 \$2,049,798 \$71,552 \$1,188 2,22% \$39,643 \$253 \$112,218 766 0,91% 115,680 604 642,027 13,241 2,76% 582,597 6,324 760,264 23,402 4,12% 678,030 16,194 20,721 823 5,31% 9,973 181 4,683 1,285 3,53% 43,781 624 1,463 57 5,21% 5,487 100 160,886 5,707 4,74% 161,000 4,837 52,000 3,049 7,84% 44,000 2,492 \$1,869,814 \$49,518 3,54% \$1,680,

⁽¹⁾ On a tax-equivalent basis assuming a federal income tax rate of 35% for 2006 and 2005

⁽²⁾ Non-accrual loans have been included in average loans, net of unearned interest.

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CHANGES IN NET INTEREST INCOME NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005

	Average Volume			Total Change
		(Dollars	in thousands)	
Increase (decrease) in interest income:				
Interest-bearing bank deposits	\$ (34)	\$	17	\$ (17)
Federal funds sold	(463)		293	(170)
Investment securities:				
U.S. Government obligations	(349)		1,541	1,192
Obligations of states and political subdivisions (2)	1,193		23	1,216
Other securities	(115)		(55)	(170)
Loans (2)	11,393		10,176	21,569
Change in interest income (2)	\$ 11,625	\$	11,995	\$ 23,620
Increase (decrease) in interest expense:	Φ 040	Φ.	000	Φ 005
Interest-bearing transaction deposits	\$ 313	\$	622	\$ 935
Savings deposits	(19)		181	162
Money market deposits	704		6,213	6,917
Time deposits	2,132		5,076	7,208
Short-term borrowings:				
Federal funds purchased	306		336	642
Repurchase agreements	77		584	661
Other	(106)		63	(43)
Long-term debt	(3)		873	870
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trusts	467		90	557
Change in interest expense	\$ 3,871	\$	14,038	\$ 17,909
Increase (decrease) in net interest income (2)	\$ 7,755	\$	(2,043)	\$ 5,712
	* . ,		(,, , , , , ,)	, -,=

⁽¹⁾ Changes due to both rate and volume have been allocated proportionally

⁽²⁾ On a tax-equivalent basis, assuming a federal income tax rate of 35% for 2006 and 2005.

EARNING ASSETS, SOURCES OF FUNDS, AND NET INTEREST MARGIN

Average earning assets increased \$223,061,000 or 11.7% to \$2,129,932,000 for the nine months ending September 30, 2006, as compared to \$1,906,871,000 for the comparable period last year. The average balance of loans outstanding increased \$231,834,000 or 14.8% to \$1,799,137,000 during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$1,567,303,000 during the comparable period in 2005. The Corporation closed the acquisition of Tarpon Coast Bancorp, Inc. and its subsidiary, Tarpon Coast National Bank, on July 29, 2005. Tarpon Coast National Bank merged with Busey Bank Florida in February, 2006. The resulting bank has been renamed Busey Bank, National Association ("Busey Bank, N.A."). A significant portion of the growth in the average balances of various balance sheet items is due to the acquisition of Tarpon Coast National Bank combined with other growth in the Florida market. Busey Bank, N.A. had average assets of \$425,412,000 during the nine-month period ending September 30, 2006, compared to the equivalent entity's average assets of \$254,181,000 during the comparable period in 2005. During the first nine months of 2006, Busey Bank, N.A.'s loan balances averaged \$354,217,000 compared to the equivalent entity's average loan balance of \$221,887,000 during the comparable period in 2005.

Interest-bearing liabilities averaged \$1,869,814,000 during the first nine months of 2006, an increase of \$189,623,000 or 11.3% from the average balance of \$1,680,191,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Interest-bearing deposits averaged \$1,586,061,000 during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$170,111,000 or 12.0% from \$1,415,950,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Busey Bank N.A. had average interest-bearing deposits of \$285,234,000 during the nine-months ended September 30, 2006, compared to the equivalent entity's average interest-bearing liabilities of \$182,080,000 during the comparable period in 2005.

Income on interest-earning assets is accrued on the effective yield of the underlying financial instruments. A loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Corporation will not be able to collect all amounts due. The accrual of interest income on impaired loans is discontinued when there is reasonable doubt as to the borrower's ability to meet contractual payments of interest or principal.

Net interest income, on a fully taxable equivalent basis, increased \$5,711,000 or 10.8% to \$58,725,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$53,014,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Net interest margin, the Corporation's net interest income expressed as a percentage of average earning assets stated on a fully taxable equivalent basis, was 3.69% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 3.72% for the comparable period in 2005. The net interest margin expressed as a percentage of average total assets, also on a fully taxable equivalent basis, was 3.41% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 3.46% for the comparable period in 2005.

Interest income, on a tax equivalent basis, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was \$108,243,000, which is \$23,620,000 or 27.9% higher than the \$84,623,000 earned during the comparable period in 2005. The average yield on interest-earning assets increased 86 basis points to 6.79% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 5.93% for the comparable period in 2005. This increase is due primarily to growth in the average balances of outstanding loans and obligations to states and political subdivisions combined with an increase in the average yields in most categories of interest-earning assets.

Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was \$49,518,000, which is \$17,909,000 or 56.7% higher than the \$31,609,000 for the comparable period in 2005. The average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities increased 102 basis points to 3.54% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 2.52% for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in interest expense is due primarily to an increase in the average cost and growth of deposits combined with an overall increase in the average costs and balances of borrowings and debt.

PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES

The Corporation's provision for loan losses of \$1,000,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 is \$1,765,000 less than the \$2,765,000 recorded during the comparable period in 2005. The provision and net charge-offs of \$638,000 for the nine-month period ending September 30, 2006, resulted in the allowance representing 1.24% of total loans and 373% of non-performing loans as of September 30, 2006, as compared to the allowance representing 1.33% of outstanding loans and 393% of non-performing loans as of December 31, 2005. Net charge-offs for the first nine months of 2006 were \$638,000 compared to \$570,000 for the comparable period in 2005. The annualized net charge-off ratio (annualized net charge-offs as a percentage of average loans) was 0.05% as of September 30, 2006, compared to 0.05% as of September 30, 2005. The adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is consistent with management's consideration of the composition of the portfolio.

non-performing asset levels, recent credit quality experience, historic charge-off trends, and prevailing economic conditions among other factors.

OTHER INCOME. OTHER EXPENSE. AND INCOME TAXES

Total other income, excluding security gains, increased \$1,067,000 or 6.2% to \$18,398,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$17,331,000 for the same period in 2005. Growth in trust fees, brokerage commission, and service charges and fees contributed to the increase in other income.

During the first nine months of 2006 the Corporation recognized gains of \$1,858,000 on the sale of \$125,230,000 in mortgage loans compared to gains of \$1,932,000 on the sale of \$130,324,000 of loans during the prior year period. The interest-rate and debt markets have strong influence on the level of mortgage loan origination and sales volumes. As interest rates have risen, origination and sales activity related to home purchases has remained strong while refinancing activity has slowed considerably. The Corporation may realize gains and/or losses on these sales dependent upon interest-rate movements and upon how receptive the debt markets are to mortgage-backed securities.

Income recognized on service charges, trust fees, commissions, and loan gains are recognized based on contractual terms and are accrued based on estimates, or are recognized as transactions occur or services are provided. Income from the servicing of sold loans is recognized based on estimated asset valuations and transaction volumes. While these estimates and assumptions may be considered complex, First Busey has implemented controls and processes to mitigate the risk of inaccuracies in these accruals.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Corporation recognized security gains of approximately \$1,133,000 after income taxes, representing 5.3% of net income. During the comparable period in 2005, security gains of approximately \$184,000 after income taxes were recognized, representing 0.9% of net income. The Corporation owns a position in a marketable equity security with substantial appreciated value. The directors of First Busey have authorized an orderly liquidation of this asset.

Total other expenses increased \$6,897,000 or 18.9% to \$43,461,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$36,564,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Salaries and wage expense increased \$3,181,000 or 19.1% to \$19,878,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, as compared to \$16,697,000 during the same period last year. Employee benefits were \$746,000 higher during the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to the same period in 2005. The increase in other expenses and employment costs are primarily related to an increase in the average full time equivalent employees to approximately 636 at September 30, 2006 from approximately 571 at September 30, 2005.

Occupancy and furniture and equipment expenses increased \$890,000 to \$6,491,000 during the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$5,601,000 during the comparable period in 2005, due primarily to the growth in the Florida market.

Other operating expenses increased \$2,080,000 or 19.7% to \$12,635,000 for the nine months ending September 30, 2006, compared to \$10,555,000 for the comparable period in 2005. The net increase is primarily attributable to growth in the Florida market.

Income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, increased to \$11,423,000 compared to \$9,821,000 for the comparable period in 2005. As a percentage of income before taxes, the provision for income taxes increased to 34.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, from 32.5% for the comparable period in 2005. This increase is primarily related to the September tax filings, which resulted in additional tax expense in 2006 versus additional benefit in 2005. The Corporation expects the rate to return to historical levels by year-end.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006, AS COMPARED TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

SHMMARY

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2006, was \$7,642,000 which represents an increase of \$83,000 or 1.1% as compared to net income of \$7,559,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Fully-diluted earnings per share were \$0.36 for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 consistent with \$0.36 for the quarter ended September 30, 2005.

The Corporation's return on average assets was 1.29% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, a decline of 10 basis points from 1.39% for the comparable period in 2005. The Corporation's return on average stockholders' equity was 17.25% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, representing a decline of 225 basis points compared to 19.50% for the comparable period in 2005.

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries AVERAGE BALANCE SHEETS AND INTEREST RATES QUARTERS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005

	2006			2005			
	Average	Income/	Yield/	Average	Income/	Yield/	
	Balance	Expense	Rate	Balance	Expense	Rate	
Assets			(Dollars in the	nousands)			
Interest-bearing bank deposits	\$ 379	\$ 5	5.23%	\$ 2.300	\$ 19	3.28%	
Federal funds sold	5.017	φ 5 66	5.22%	15,318	135	3.50%	
Investment securities	3,017	00	5.22 /0	15,510	100	3.50 /6	
U.S. Government obligations	190,867	1.950	4.06%	202,985	1.542	3.01%	
Obligations of states and political	190,007	1,930	4.0070	202,903	1,542	3.01/0	
subdivisions (1)	84,807	1,277	5.97%	65,904	966	5.82%	
Other securities	43,051	410	3.78%	47,798	451	3.74%	
Loans (net of unearned interest) (1)	45,051	410	3.7070	41,130	401	3.74/0	
(2)	1,855,980	34,639	7.40%	1,663,366	27,746	6.62%	
Total interest earning assets	\$2,180,101	\$ 38,347	6.98%	\$1,997,671	\$ 30,859	6.13%	
Total interest earning assets	φ2,100,101	φ 30,34 <i>1</i>	0.9076	φ1,991,011	\$ 30,039	0.1376	
Cash and due from banks	54.254			51.788			
Premises and equipment	41,174			33,925			
Allowance for loan losses	(23,461)			(21,909)			
Other assets	105,066			93,343			
Other assets	103,000			33,343			
Total Assets	\$2,357,134			\$2,154,818			
11.177							
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity							
Interest-bearing transaction	A 00.700	A 400	0.000/	A 40.040		0.040/	
deposits	\$ 66,782	\$ 400	2.38%	\$ 43,013	\$ 91	0.84%	
Savings deposits	106,977	254	0.94%	123,204	229	0.74%	
Money market deposits	671,870	5,174	3.06%	611,233	2,610	1.69%	
Time deposits	786,949	8,726	4.40%	703,831	5,999	3.38%	
Short-term borrowings:	05.500	0.57	F FF0/	0.004	0.4	0.070/	
Federal funds purchased	25,536	357	5.55%	6,921	64	3.67%	
Repurchase agreements	47,538	467	3.90%	43,107	251	2.31%	
Other	2,674	36	5.34%	1,000	9	3.57%	
Long-term debt	160,206	1,993	4.94%	172,216	1,785	4.11%	
Junior subordinated debt owed to							
unconsolidated trusts	55,000	1,010	7.29%	50,000	933	7.40%	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$1,923,532	<u>\$ 18,416</u>	3.80%	\$1,754,525	<u>\$ 11,971</u>	2.71%	
Net interest spread			3.18%			3.42%	
. Tot into oct oprodu							
Demand deposits	241,943			232,309			
Other liabilities	15,864			14,153			
Stockholders' equity	175,795			153,831			
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$2,357,134			\$2,154,818			
. ,							
Interest income / earning assets (1)	\$2,180,101	\$ 38,347	6.98%	\$1,997,671	\$ 30,859	6.13%	
	\$2,180,101	\$ 18,416	3.35%	\$1,997,671	\$ 11,971	2.38%	
Interest expense / earning assets	Ţ <u>_</u> , ,		3.0070	Ţ ., · ,o · ·		2.0070	
Net interest margin (1)		\$ 19,931	3.63%		\$ 18,888	3.75%	
		<u> </u>	5.0070		<u> </u>	0.7070	

⁽³⁾ On a tax-equivalent basis assuming a federal income tax rate of 35% for 2006 and 2005

⁽⁴⁾ Non-accrual loans have been included in average loans, net of unearned interest.

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION and Subsidiaries CHANGES IN NET INTEREST INCOME QUARTERS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005

		Average Avera		ge due to(1) verage eld/Rate	ge T ate Ch	
			(Dollars	in thousands)		
Increase (decrease) in interest income:						
Interest-bearing bank deposits		(24)	\$	10	\$	(14)
Federal funds sold	(121)		52		(69)
Investment securities:						
U.S. Government obligations		(94)		502		408
Obligations of states and political subdivisions (2)	:	279		32		311
Other securities		(45)		4		(41)
Loans (2)	3,	257		3,636		6,893
Change in interest income (2)	\$ 3,	252	\$	4,236	\$	7,488
Increase (decrease) in interest expense:						
Interest-bearing transaction deposits	\$	71	\$	238	\$	309
Savings deposits		(33)		57		24
Money market deposits	:	282		2,282		2,564
Time deposits	•	768		1,959		2,727
Short-term borrowings:						
Federal funds purchased	:	246		47		293
Repurchase agreements		28		188		216
Other		21		6		27
Long-term debt	(131)		339		208
Junior subordinated debt owed to unconsolidated trusts		92		(15)		77
Change in interest expense	\$ 1,	344	\$	5,101	\$	6,445

⁽¹⁾ Changes due to both rate and volume have been allocated proportionally

⁽²⁾ On a tax-equivalent basis, assuming a federal income tax rate of 35% for 2006 and 2005.

EARNING ASSETS, SOURCES OF FUNDS, AND NET INTEREST MARGIN

Average earning assets increased \$182,430,000 or 9.1% to \$2,180,101,000 for the three months ending September 30, 2006, as compared to \$1,997,671,000 for the comparable period last year. The average balance of loans outstanding increased \$192,614,000 or 11.6% to \$1,855,980,000 during the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$1,663,366,000 during the comparable period in 2005. The Corporation closed the acquisition of Tarpon Coast Bancorp, Inc. and its subsidiary, Tarpon Coast National Bank, on July 29, 2005. Tarpon Coast National Bank merged with Busey Bank Florida in February, 2006. The resulting bank has been renamed Busey Bank, National Association ("Busey Bank, N.A."). A significant portion of the growth in the average balances of various balance sheet items is due to the acquisition of Tarpon Coast National Bank combined with other growth in the Florida market. Busey Bank, N.A. had average assets of \$431,260,000 during the three-month period ending September 30, 2006, compared to the equivalent entity's average assets of \$357,925,000 during the comparable period in 2005. During the third quarter of 2006, Busey Bank, N.A.'s loan balances averaged \$357,969,000 compared to the equivalent entity's average loan balance of \$297,291,000 during the comparable period in 2005.

Interest-bearing liabilities averaged \$1,923,532,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$169,007,000 or 9.6% from the average balance of \$1,754,525,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Interest-bearing deposits averaged \$1,632,578,000 during the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$151,297,000 or 10.2% from \$1,481,281,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Busey Bank N.A. had average interest-bearing deposits of \$298,349,000 during the three-months ended September 30, 2006, compared to the equivalent entity's average interest-bearing liabilities of \$240,230,000 during the comparable period in 2005.

Income on interest-earning assets is accrued on the effective yield of the underlying financial instruments. A loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable the Corporation will not be able to collect all amounts due. The accrual of interest income on impaired loans is discontinued when there is reasonable doubt as to the borrower's ability to meet contractual payments of interest or principal.

Net interest income, on a fully taxable equivalent basis, increased \$1,043,000 or 5.5% to \$19,931,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$18,888,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Net interest margin, the Corporation's net interest income expressed as a percentage of average earning assets stated on a fully taxable equivalent basis, was 3.63% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 3.75% for the comparable period in 2005. The net interest margin expressed as a percentage of average total assets, also on a fully taxable equivalent basis, was 3.35% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 3.48% for the comparable period in 2005.

Interest income, on a tax equivalent basis, for the three months ended September 30, 2006, was \$38,347,000, which is \$7,489,000 or 24.3% higher than the \$30,859,000 earned during the comparable period in 2005. The average yield on interest-earning assets increased 85 basis points to 6.98% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 6.13% for the comparable period in 2005. This increase is due primarily to the combined growth in the average balances and average yields of outstanding loans.

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2006, was \$18,416,000, which is \$6,445,000 or 53.8% higher than the \$11,971,000 for the comparable period in 2005. The average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities increased 109 basis points to 3.80% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to 2.71% for the comparable period in 2005. The increase in interest expense is due primarily to an increase in the average cost of deposits and borrowings combined with growth in the average balance of deposits.

OTHER INCOME. OTHER EXPENSE. AND INCOME TAXES

Total other income, excluding security gains, increased \$183,000 or 2.9% to \$6,407,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$6,224,000 for the same period in 2005. Growth in service charges and fees and other income, which was partially offset by slight declines in trust and brokerage fees contributed to the increase in other income.

During the third quarter of 2006, the Corporation recognized gains of \$786,000 on the sale \$48,740,000 mortgage loans compared to gains of \$920,000 on the sale of \$63,158,000 of loans during the prior year period. The interest-rate and debt markets have strong influence on the level of mortgage loan origination and sales volumes. As interest rates have risen, origination and sales activity related to home purchases has remained strong while refinancing activity has slowed considerably. The Corporation may realize gains and/or losses on these sales dependent upon interest-rate movements and upon how receptive the debt markets are to mortgage-backed securities.

Income recognized on service charges, trust fees, commissions, and loan gains are recognized based on contractual terms and are accrued based on estimates, or are recognized as transactions occur or services are provided. Income from the servicing of sold loans is recognized based on estimated asset valuations and transaction volumes. While these estimates and assumptions may be considered complex, First Busey has implemented controls and processes to mitigate the risk of inaccuracies in these accruals.

During the three months ending September 30, 2006, the Corporation recognized security gains of approximately \$478,000 after income taxes, representing 6.3% of net income. During the comparable period in 2005, security loss of approximately \$64,000 after income taxes were recognized, representing -0.8% of net income. The Corporation owns a position in a marketable equity security with substantial appreciated value. The directors of First Busey have authorized an orderly liquidation of this asset.

Total other expenses increased \$1,368,000 or 10.4% to \$14,531,000 for the three months ending September 30, 2006, compared to \$13,163,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Salaries and wage expense increased \$547,000 or 9.0% to \$6,609,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2006, as compared to \$6,062,000 during the same period last year. Employee benefits were \$177,000 higher during the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to the same period in 2005. The increase in other expenses and employment costs are primarily related to an increase in full-time equivalent employees to 637 at September 30, 2006 from 614 at September 30, 2005.

Occupancy and furniture and equipment expenses increased \$132,000 to \$2,239,000 during the third quarter of 2006 compared to \$2,107,000 during the comparable period in 2005, due primarily to the addition of branches associated with the growth in the Florida market.

Other operating expenses increased \$512,000 or 14.0% to \$4,174,000 for the three months ending September 30, 2006, compared to \$3,662,000 for the comparable period in 2005. The net increase is primarily attributable to growth in the Florida market.

Income taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2006, increased to \$4,129,000 compared to \$3,220,000 for the comparable period in 2005. As a percentage of income before taxes, the provision for income taxes increased to 35.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2006, from 29.9% for the comparable period in 2005. This increase is primarily related to the September tax filings, which resulted in additional tax expense in 2006 versus additional benefit in 2005. The Corporation expects the rate to return to historical levels by year-end.

LIQUIDITY

Liquidity management is the process by which the Corporation ensures that adequate liquid funds are available to meet the present and future cash flow obligations arising in the daily operations of the business. These financial obligations consist of needs for funds to meet commitments to borrowers for extensions of credit, funding capital expenditures, withdrawals by customers, maintaining deposit reserve requirements, servicing debt, paying dividends to stockholders, and paying operating expenses.

The Corporation's most liquid assets are cash and due from banks, interest-bearing bank deposits, and Federal funds sold. The balances of these assets are dependent on the Corporation's operating, investing, lending and financing activities during any given period.

The Corporation's primary sources of funds, consists of deposits, investment maturities and sales, loan principal repayments, and capital funds. Additional liquidity is provided by brokered deposits, bank lines of credit, repurchase agreements and the ability to borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank and the Federal Home Loan Bank. The Corporation has an operating line in the amount of \$10,000,000, of which, \$9,000,000 was available as of September 30, 2006. Long-term liquidity needs will be satisfied primarily through retention of capital funds.

An additional source of liquidity that can be managed for short-term and long-term needs is the Corporation's ability to securitize or package loans (primarily mortgage loans) for sale. During the first nine months of 2006, the Corporation originated \$124,134,000 and sold \$125,230,000 in mortgage loans for sale compared to originations of \$133,714,000 and sales of \$130,324,000 during the first nine months of 2005. As of September 30, 2006, the Corporation held \$10,641,000 in loans held for sale. Management intends to sell these loans during the fourth quarter of 2006.

The objective of liquidity management by the Corporation is to ensure that funds will be available to meet demand in a timely and efficient manner. Based upon the level of investment securities that reprice within 30 days and 90 days, management currently believes that adequate liquidity exists to meet all projected cash flow obligations. The Corporation achieves a satisfactory degree of liquidity through actively managing both assets and liabilities. Asset management guides the proportion of liquid assets to total assets, while liability management monitors future funding requirements and prices liabilities accordingly.

The Corporation's banking subsidiaries routinely enter into commitments to extend credit in the normal course of their business. As of September 30, 2006, and 2005, the Corporation had outstanding loan commitments including lines of credit of \$522,459,000 and \$508,211,000, respectively. The balance of commitments to extend credit represents future cash requirement and some of these commitments may expire without being drawn upon. The Corporation anticipates it will have sufficient funds available to meet its current loan commitments, including loan applications received and in process prior to the issuance of firm commitments.

The Corporation has entered into certain contractual obligations and other commitments. Such obligations generally relate to funding of operations through deposits, debt issuance, and property and equipment leases.

The following table summarizes significant contractual obligations and other commitments as of September 30, 2006:

		S	Securities					
		S	old under					
		Agr	eements to			Junior		
		Rep	urchase and		Sı	ubordinated		
		S	hort- and		De	ebt Owed to		
	Certificates	L	ong-term		Un	consolidated		
Due Within	of Deposit	B	orrowings	Leases		Trusts		Total
				(Dollars in thousands)				
1 year	\$622,953	\$	84,370	\$ 1,042	\$	_	\$	708,365
2 years	109,237		34,373	837		_	•	144,447
3 years	60,587		14,373	389		_		75,349
4 years	28,890		29,873	129		_		58,892
5 years	18,437		37,460	49		_		55,946
Thereafter	833		19,406	135		55,000		75,374
Total	\$840,937	\$	219,855	\$ 2,581	\$	55,000	\$1,1	118,373

Net cash flows provided by operating activities totaled \$26,003,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$21,185,000 during the comparable prior year period. Significant items affecting the cash flows provided by operating activities are net income, depreciation and amortization expense, gains on sales of investment securities, and activities related to the origination and sale of loans held for sale. During the first nine months of 2006, the Corporation originated \$124,134,000 in loans held for sale and generated \$127,088,000 from the sale of held-for-sale loans resulting in net cash provided by loan originations and sale of \$2,954,000. During the comparable period in 2005, the Corporation originated \$133,714,000 in held-for-sale loans and generated \$132,256,000 from the sale of held-for-sale loans leading to net cash used by loan originations and sale of \$1,458,000.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$167,354,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$139,007,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Significant activities affecting cash flows from investing activities are those activities associated with managing the Corporation's investment portfolio and loans held in the Corporation's portfolio. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, proceeds from the sales and maturities of securities classified as available-for-sale totaled \$87,319,000, and the Corporation purchased \$77,805,000 in securities resulting in net cash provided by securities activity of \$9,514,000. In the comparable period of 2005 proceeds from the sales and maturities of securities classified as available for sale totaled \$125,478,000, and the Corporation purchased \$87,515,000 in securities resulting in net cash provided by securities activity of \$37,963,000. The Corporation's loan portfolio increased \$158,597,000 during the first nine months of 2006, compared to an increase of \$115,138,000 during the comparable period of 2005.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$132,735,000 during the first nine months of 2006 compared to \$129,657,000 for the comparable period in 2005. Significant items affecting cash flows from financing activities are deposits, short-term borrowings, long-term debt and long-term subordinated debt. Deposits, which are the Corporation's primary funding source, increased by a net of \$139,420,000 during the first nine months of 2006, compared to a net increase of \$125,242,000 during the comparable period in 2005. The Corporation decreased its long-term debt by a net of \$3,175,000 during the first nine months of 2006, compared to a net increase of \$20,127,000 during the comparable period in 2005.

On July 29, 2005, First Busey Corporation acquired all the outstanding common stock of Tarpon Coast Bancorp, Inc. (Tarpon) and its subsidiary, Tarpon Coast National Bank. First Busey issued 849,965 shares of common stock and paid cash of \$18,797,000 to Tarpon shareholders. The cash portion of this transaction was funded through the issuance of long-term debt and \$10 million in trust preferred securities.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Other than from the issuance of common stock, the Corporation's primary source of capital is retained net income. During the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Corporation earned \$21,544,000 and paid dividends of \$10,249,000 to stockholders, resulting in the retention of current earnings of \$11,295,000. The Corporation's dividend payout ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was 47.6%.

The Corporation and its bank subsidiaries are subject to regulatory capital requirements administered by federal and state banking agencies. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Corporation and the Banks must meet specific capital guidelines that involve the quantitative measure of their assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Corporation and its bank subsidiaries to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the table below) of total and Tier I capital (as defined in the regulations) to risk-weighted assets (as defined), and Tier 1 capital (as defined) to average assets (as defined). Management believes, as of September 30, 2006, that the Corporation and its bank subsidiaries meet all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject.

			For Cap	oital	Capitalize Prompt Co		
	Actual		Adequacy Purposes		Action Provisions		
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	
As of September 30, 2006:							
Total Capital (to Risk-weighted Assets)							
Consolidated	\$197,845	10.40%	\$ 152,123	8.00%	N/A	N/A	
Busey Bank	\$168,883	10.88%	\$ 124,144	8.00%	\$155,180	10.00%	
Busey Bank N.A.	\$ 44,551	13.37%	\$ 26,656	8.00%	\$ 33,319	10.00%	
Tier I Capital (to Risk-weighted Assets)							
Consolidated	\$169,131	8.89%	\$ 76,062	4.00%	N/A	N/A	
Busey Bank	\$146,112	9.42%	\$ 62,072	4.00%	\$ 93,108	6.00%	
Busey Bank N.A.	\$ 40,377	12.12%	\$ 13,328	4.00%	\$ 19,992	6.00%	
·							
Tier I Capital (to Average Assets)							
Consolidated	\$169,131	7.38%	\$ 91,693	4.00%	N/A	N/A	
Busey Bank	\$146,112	7.80%	\$ 74,900	4.00%	\$ 93,625	5.00%	
Busey Bank Florida	\$ 40,377	9.92%	\$ 16,284	4.00%	\$ 20,355	5.00%	
•					,		

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK MARKET RISK

Market risk is the risk of change in asset values due to movements in underlying market rates and prices. Interest rate risk is the risk to earnings and capital arising from movements in interest rates. Interest rate risk is the most significant market risk affecting the Corporation as other types of market risk, such as foreign currency exchange rate risk and commodity price risk, do not arise in the normal course of the Corporation's business activities.

The Corporation's subsidiary banks, Busey Bank and Busey Bank, N.A., have asset-liability committees which meet at least quarterly to review current market conditions and attempt to structure the banks' balance sheets to ensure stable net interest income despite potential changes in interest rates with all other variables constant.

To Be Well

The asset-liability committees use gap analysis to identify mismatches in the dollar value of assets and liabilities subject to repricing within specific time periods. The Funds Management Policies established by the asset-liability committees and approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors establish guidelines for maintaining the ratio of cumulative rate-sensitive assets to rate-sensitive liabilities within prescribed ranges at certain intervals.

Interest-rate sensitivity is a measure of the volatility of the net interest margin as a consequence of changes in market rates. The rate-sensitivity chart shows the interval of time in which given volumes of rate-sensitive earning assets and rate-sensitive interest-bearing liabilities would be responsive to changes in market interest rates based on their contractual maturities or terms for repricing. It is, however, only a static, single-day depiction of the Corporation's rate sensitivity structure, which can be adjusted in response to changes in forecasted interest rates.

The following table sets forth the static rate-sensitivity analysis of the Corporation as of September 30, 2006:

	Rate Sensitive Within					
	1-30	31-90	91-180	181 Days -	Over	
	Days	Days	Days	1 Year	1 Year	Total
				thousands)		
Interest-bearing deposits	\$ 403	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 403
Investment securities	14,329	_	_	_	_	14,329
U.S. Governments	10,698	25,383	83,903	37,612	38,807	196,403
Obligations of states and political						
subdivisions	_	5,267	5,957	2,469	72,196	85,889
Other securities	14,774	468	767	1,660	24,926	42,595
Loans (net of unearned int.)	758,636	93,656	109,464	189,069	754,403	1,905,228
Total rate-sensitive assets	\$ 798,840	\$ 124,774	\$ 200,091	\$ 230,810	\$890,332	\$2,244,847
Interest bearing transaction Deposits	\$ 83,495	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 83,495
Savings deposits	100,534	_	_	_	_	100,534
Money market deposits	688,437	-	_	_	_	688,437
Time deposits	49,609	96,499	223,111	257,095	214,623	840,937
Short-term borrowings:						
Federal funds purchased and						
repurchase agreements	57,147	_	_	_	_	57,147
Short-term borrowings	_	_	1,000	_	_	1,000
Long-term debt	_	5,000	38,058	12,825	105,825	161,708
Junior subordinated debt owed to						
unconsolidated trusts		25,000	_	_	30,000	55,000
Total rate-sensitive liabilities	\$ 979,222	\$ 126,499	\$ 262,169	\$ 269,920	\$350,448	\$1,988,258
Rate-sensitive assets less rate-						
sensitive liabilities	\$(180,382)	\$ (1,725)	\$ (62,078)	\$ (39,110)	\$539,884	\$ 256,589
Cumulative Gap	\$(180,382)	\$(182,107)	\$(244,185)	\$(283,295)	\$256,589	
Cumulative amounts as a percentage of total rate-sensitive assets	(8.04%)	(8.11%)	(10.88%)	(12.62%)	11.43%	
Cumulative ratio	(8.04%)	(8.11%)	(10.86%)	(12.62%)	1.43%	
Cumulative ratio	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.03	1.13	

The funds management policy of the Corporation requires the banks to maintain a cumulative rate-sensitivity ratio of .75 – 1.25 in the 90-day, 180-day, and 1-year time periods. As of September 30, 2006, the banks are within those guidelines.

The foregoing table shows a cumulative negative (liability-sensitive) rate-sensitivity gap of \$283.3 million through one year as there were more liabilities subject to repricing during those time periods than there were assets subject to repricing within those same time periods. The volume of assets subject to repricing exceeds the volume of liabilities subject to repricing beyond one year. The composition of the gap structure at September 30, 2006, indicates the Corporation would benefit more

if interest rates decrease during the next year by allowing the net interest margin to grow as the volume of interest-bearing liabilities subject to repricing would be greater than the volume of interest-earning assets subject to repricing during the same period, assuming rates on all categories of rate sensitive assets and rate sensitive liabilities change by the same amount and at the same time.

The Corporation's asset/liability committees do not rely solely on gap analysis to manage interest-rate risk as interest rate changes do not impact all categories of assets and liabilities equally or simultaneously. The committees supplement gap analysis with balance sheet and income simulation analysis to determine the potential impact on net interest income of changes in market interest rates. In these simulation models the balance sheet is projected over a one-year period and net interest income is calculated under current market rates, and then assuming permanent instantaneous shifts of +/-100 basis points and +/-200 basis points. Management measures such changes assuming immediate and sustained shifts in the Federal funds rate and the corresponding shifts in other rate indices based on their historical changes relative to changes in the Federal funds rate. The model assumes asset and liability remain constant at September 30, 2006, balances. The model assumes repricing frequency on all variable-rate assets and liabilities. The model also assumes a historical decay rate on all fixed-rate core deposit balances. Prepayment speeds on loans have been adjusted up and down to incorporate expected prepayment in both a declining and rising rate environment. Utilizing this measurement concept the interest rate risk of the Corporation, expressed as a change in net interest income as a percentage of the net income calculated in the constant base model, due to an immediate and sustained change in interest rates at September 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005 was as follows:

		Basis Point Changes				
	- 200	- 100	+ 100	+ 200		
September 30, 2006	0.69%	0.85%	(1.11%)	(2.04%)		
December 31, 2005	(1.52%)	(0.18%)	(0.45%)	(1.29%)		
				35 of 42		

ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Corporation conducted an evaluation, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2006. The Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Corporation in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported on a timely basis.

Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2006, are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to the Corporation, including its consolidated subsidiaries, required to be included in the Corporation's periodic filings under the Exchange Act.

Changes in Internal Controls

During the quarter ended September 30, 2006, the Corporation did not make any significant changes in, nor take any corrective actions regarding, its internal controls or other factors that could significantly affect these controls.

Disclosure Controls and Internal Controls

Disclosure controls are procedures that are designed with the objective of ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the Corporation's reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) rules and forms. Disclosure controls are also designed with the objective of ensuring that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Internal controls are procedures which are designed with the objective of providing reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized, assets are safeguarded against unauthorized or improper use, and transactions are properly recorded and reported, all to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Internal Controls

First Busey Corporation's management does not expect that our disclosure controls or our internal controls will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of the control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Corporation have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1: Legal Proceedings

Not Applicable

ITEM 1A: Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from risk factors as previously disclosed in the Corporation's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 2: Changes in Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents for the periods indicated a summary of the purchases made by or on behalf of First Busey Corporation of shares of its common stock.

			Total	Maximum
			Number of	Number of
			Shares	Shares
			Purchased	that May
			as Part of	Yet Be
	Total		Publicly	Purchased
	Number of	Average	Announced	Under the
	Shares	Price Paid per	Plans or	Plans or
	Purchased	Share	Programs	Programs 1
				603,955
January 1 – 31, 2006	_	\$ —	_	603,955
February 1 – 28, 2006	10,000	20.30	10,000	593,955
March 1 – 31, 2006	20,000	20.55	20,000	573,955
April 1 – 30, 2006	_	_	_	573,955
May 1 – 31, 2006	20,000	20.47	20,000	553,955
June 1 – 30, 2006	15,000	20.37	15,000	538,955
July 1 – 31, 2006	_	_	_	538,955
August 1 – 31, 2006	_	_	_	538,955
September 1 - 30, 2006				538,955
Total	65,000	\$ 20.44	65,000	

First Busey Corporation's board of directors approved a stock purchase plan on February 17, 2004 for the repurchase of up to 750,000 shares of common stock. The Corporation's 2004 repurchase plan has no expiration date.

ITEM 3: Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not Applicable

ITEM 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

Not Applicable

ITEM 5: Other Information

- (a) None
- (b) Not Applicable

ITEM 6: Exhibits

- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated September 20, 2006, by and among First Busey Corporation and Main Street Trust, Inc. (previously filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Corporation's Form 8-K dated September 21, 2006, and incorporated by reference herein).
- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, from the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer.
- 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, from the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer.
- 99.3 Letter agreement between First Busey Corporation and Douglas C. Mills, dated September 20, 2006. (previously filed as Exhibit 99.3 to the Corporation's Form 8-K dated September 21, 2006, and incorporated by reference herein).
- 99.4 Letter agreement between First Busey Corporation and Edwin A. Scharlau II, dated September 20, 2006. (previously filed as Exhibit 99.4 to the Corporation's Form 8-K dated September 21, 2006, and incorporated by reference herein).
- 99.5 Letter agreement between First Busey Corporation and David D. Mills, dated September 20, 2006. (previously filed as Exhibit 99.5 to the Corporation's Form 8-K dated September 21, 2006, and incorporated by reference herein).
- 99.6 Letter agreement between First Busey Corporation and Barbara J. Harrington, dated September 20, 2006. (previously filed as Exhibit 99.6 to the Corporation's Form 8-K dated September 21, 2006, and incorporated by reference herein).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST BUSEY CORPORATION (Registrant)

By: //Douglas C. Mills//

Douglas C. Mills

Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

By: //Barbara J. Harrington//

Barbara J. Harrington

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal financial and accounting officer)

Date: November 9, 2006

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

- I, Douglas C. Mills, Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer of First Busey Corporation, certify that:
- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of First Busey Corporation;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant, and we have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to
 ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those
 entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals;
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the
 effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (for registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonable likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonable likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls.

//Douglas C. Mills//

Douglas C. Mills

Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 9, 2006

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

- I, Barbara J. Harrington, Chief Financial Officer of First Busey Corporation, certify that:
- 1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of First Busey Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to
 make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered
 by this quarterly report;
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant, and we have:
 - e) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared:
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals;
 - g) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - h) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (for registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonable likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
- 5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - c) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonable likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - d) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls.

//Barbara J. Harrington//
Barbara J. Harrington
Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 9, 2006

EXHIBIT 32.1

The following certification is provided by the undersigned Chief Executive Officer of First Busey Corporation on the basis of such officer's knowledge and belief for the sole purpose of complying with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the accompanying Report of First Busey Corporation on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of First Busey Corporation as of and for the periods covered by the Report fairly presents in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of First Busey Corporation as of and for the periods covered by the Report.

//Douglas C. Mills//

Douglas C. Mills

Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 9, 2006

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to First Busey Corporation and will be retained by First Busey Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

EXHIBIT 32.2

The following certification is provided by the undersigned Chief Financial Officer of First Busey Corporation on the basis of such officer's knowledge and belief for the sole purpose of complying with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the accompanying Report of First Busey Corporation on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2006, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in such Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of First Busey Corporation as of and for the periods covered by the Report.

//Barbara J. Harrington//

Barbara J. Harrington Chief Financial Officer

Date: November 9, 2006

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to First Busey Corporation and will be retained by First Busey Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.